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 Hopf , Hopf
 Hopf , Silnikov 。
 : ; ;Hopf ; ;
 :O175.12 MSC(2010) :16S40 :A

[2-3], [4], Genesisio [5], Chua [6] Silnikov [1], Lorenz [1], Silnikov [1] Silnikov [5] Genesisio Silnikov [7] Genesisio [8] PID Silnikov [9-18] FRIEIRE [19]

$$\begin{cases} \dot{x}_1 = x_2, \\ \dot{x}_2 = x_3, \\ \dot{x}_3 = ax_1 + b_2x_2 + cx_3 + A_1x_1x_3 + A_2x_1x_2 - \frac{x_1^2}{2} \end{cases} \quad (1)$$

, a, b, c, A_1, A_2 , Genesisio [5]

$$(1) \quad x_1 \rightarrow x_1 + a, x_2 \rightarrow x_2, x_3 \rightarrow x_3, \quad (1)$$

$$\begin{cases} \dot{x}_1 = x_2 \\ \dot{x}_2 = x_3 \\ \dot{x}_3 = \frac{a^2}{2} + (b + aA_2)x_2 + (c + aA_1)x_3 + A_1x_1x_3 + A_2x_1x_2 - \frac{x_1^2}{2}, \end{cases}$$

FRIEIRE [19], a, b, c 2 (1) 2 (1) Hopf

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, $a=0$, (1) $E_1(0,0,0)$, $a \neq 0$, (1) 2 $E_1(0,0,0)$ $E_2(2a,0,0)$, E_1 E_2

$$D_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ a & b & c \end{pmatrix} \quad D_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -a & b + 2aA_2 & c + 2aA_1 \end{pmatrix},$$

$$\det(\lambda_1 I - D_1) = \lambda_1^3 - c\lambda_1^2 - b\lambda_1 - a = 0 \quad (2)$$

$$\det(\lambda_2 I - D_2) = \lambda_2^3 - (c + 2aA_1)\lambda_2^2 - (b + 2aA_2)\lambda_2 + a = 0. \quad (3)$$

$$(3) \quad (2), \quad (2),$$

, a, b, c (2) 3 $a < 0, c < 0, bc + a > 0$, E_1 , 1 E_2

1 :

a) $a=b=c=0$, E_1 ;

b) $c \neq 0, a=b=0$, E_1 , FRIEIRE [19]

$a=b=0$, (1) BT ;

c) $b < 0, a=c=0$, E_1 ; $b < 0$,

$A_1 \neq 0, A_2 \neq 0$, FRIEIRE [19] $a=c=0$, (1) Hopf-zero

1 E_1 Tab.1 Local analysis of E_1

a	b	c	(2)			E_1				
=0	=0	=0	3					W_{loc}^i		
		>0	2	1				W_{loc}^i W_{loc}^u		
		<0	2	1				W_{loc}^i W_{loc}^u		
		>0	1	1	1			W_{loc}^i W_{loc}^i 1 W_{loc}^u		
		<0	=0	1	2			W_{loc}^i		
		>0	1	2	/			W_{loc}^i W_{loc}^u		
		<0	1	2	/			W_{loc}^i W_{loc}^u		
		>0	=0	=0	1	2				W_{loc}^i W_{loc}^u
>0	1			2				2 $\Delta_1 > 0$		
<0	$4c^3 + 27a \leq 0$			1	2			W_{loc}^u W_{loc}^i		
	$4c^3 + 27a > 0$			1	2			2 $\Delta_1 > 0$		
>0	=0			$4b^3 - 27a^2 \geq 0$	1	2		W_{loc}^u W_{loc}^i		
	$4b^3 - 27a^2 < 0$			1	2			2 $\Delta_1 > 0$		
<0	=0			1	2			2 $\Delta_1 > 0$		
<0	=0			=0	1	2				W_{loc}^i W_{loc}^u
				>0	$4c^3 + 27a \geq 0$	1	2			W_{loc}^i W_{loc}^u
					$4c^3 + 27a < 0$	1	2			2 $\Delta_1 > 0$
		<0	1	2				2 $\Delta_1 > 0$		
		>0	=0	$4b^3 - 27a^2 \geq 0$	1	2		W_{loc}^i W_{loc}^u		
			$4c^3 + 27a < 0$	1	2			2 $\Delta_1 > 0$		
<0	=0	1	2			2 $\Delta_1 > 0$				
	<0	$bc + a > 0$			1	2	W_{loc}^i			

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Silnikov

(1)

$$\Delta_i = \left(\frac{q_i}{2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{p_i}{3}\right)^3, \quad \gamma_i = \sqrt[3]{-\frac{q_i}{2} + \sqrt{\Delta_i}} + \sqrt[3]{-\frac{q_i}{2} - \sqrt{\Delta_i}},$$

$$\rho_i = -\frac{1}{2} \left(\sqrt[3]{-\frac{q_i}{2} + \sqrt{\Delta_i}} + \sqrt[3]{-\frac{q_i}{2} - \sqrt{\Delta_i}} \right), \quad \omega_i = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \left(\sqrt[3]{-\frac{q_i}{2} + \sqrt{\Delta_i}} - \sqrt[3]{-\frac{q_i}{2} - \sqrt{\Delta_i}} \right), \quad i=1,2.$$

$$\lambda_1 = \mu_1 + \frac{c}{3}, \quad (2) \quad \mu_1^3 + p_1 \mu_1 + q_1 = 0, \quad p_1 = -\frac{1}{3}c^2 - b, \quad q_1 = -\frac{2}{27}c^3 - \frac{1}{3}bc - a,$$

$$\Delta_1 = \frac{a^2}{4} - \frac{b^3}{27} + \frac{a}{27}c^3 - \frac{b^2}{108}c^2 + \frac{ab}{6}c.$$

$$\Delta_1 > 0, \quad (2) \quad 1 \quad 2$$

$$\lambda_{11} = \frac{c}{3} + \gamma_1, \quad \lambda_{12} = \frac{c}{3} + \rho_1 + i\omega_1, \quad \lambda_{13} = \frac{c}{3} + \rho_1 - i\omega_1.$$

$$\Delta_1 = 0, \quad (2) \quad 2$$

$$\lambda_{11} = \frac{c}{3} + 2\sqrt[3]{-\frac{q_1}{2}}, \quad \lambda_{12} = \frac{c}{3} - \sqrt[3]{-\frac{q_1}{2}}, \quad (\quad).$$

$$\Delta_1 < 0, p_1 < 0, \quad (2) \quad 3$$
$$\lambda_{11} = \frac{c}{3} - 2\sqrt{-3p_1}$$

$$\mathbf{D}_{1a} \triangleq \mathbf{D}_1|_{a=a_h} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -bc & b & c \end{pmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{B}(x, y) = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 2A_1 x_1 y_3 + 2A_2 x_1 y_2 - x_1 y_1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{C}(x, y, z) = (0, 0, 0)^T, \quad \mathbf{x} = (x_1, x_2, x_3)^T, \quad \mathbf{y} = (y_1, y_2, y_3)^T, \quad \mathbf{z} = (z_1, z_2, z_3)^T.$$

$$\mathbf{D}_{1a} \mathbf{Q}_1 = i\omega \mathbf{Q}_1, \quad \mathbf{D}_{1a}^T \mathbf{P}_1 = -i\omega \mathbf{P}_1, \quad \langle \mathbf{P}_1, \mathbf{Q}_1 \rangle = \sum_{i=1}^3 \mathbf{P}_{1i} \bar{\mathbf{Q}}_{1i} = 1, \quad \mathbf{P}_1, \mathbf{Q}_1.$$

, :

$$\mathbf{P}_1 = \frac{1}{2[b + c\sqrt{-bi}]} \begin{pmatrix} c\sqrt{-bi} \\ -c - \sqrt{-bi} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{Q}_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ \sqrt{-bi} \\ b \end{pmatrix}.$$

$$\mathbf{B}(\mathbf{Q}_1, \mathbf{Q}_1) = (0, 0, 2A_1 b - 1 + 2A_2 - b)$$

I

B

5-

B

I

$$\dot{x} = D_{2c}x + \frac{1}{2}B(x, x) + \frac{1}{6}C(x, x, x) + O(\|x\|^4),$$

$$x, B(x, x), C(x, x, x) \quad (4) \quad ,$$

$$D_{2c} \triangleq D_2|_{c_h} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -a & b+2aA_2 & \frac{a}{b+2aA_2} \end{pmatrix}.$$

$$D_{2c}Q_2 = i\hat{\omega}Q_2, D_{2c}^*P_2 = -i\hat{\omega}P_2, \quad \langle P_2, Q_2 \rangle = 1. \quad :$$

$$P_2 = \frac{1}{2[b+2aA_2 + \frac{a}{b+2aA_2}\sqrt{-(b+2aA_2)}i]} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{a}{b+2aA_2}\sqrt{-(b+2aA_2)}i \\ -\frac{a}{b+2aA_2} - \sqrt{-(b+2aA_2)}i \\ 1 \end{pmatrix},$$

$$Q_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ \sqrt{-(b+2aA_2)}i \\ b+2aA_2 \end{pmatrix},$$

[20] :

$$l_{21}(0) = \frac{1}{2\hat{\omega}} \text{Re}(-2\langle P_2, B(Q_2, D_{2c}^{-1}B(Q_1, \bar{Q}_2)) \rangle + \langle P_2, B(\bar{Q}_2(2i\hat{\omega}I - D_{2c})^{-1}B(Q_2, Q_2)) \rangle) - \frac{6A_2a^3(b+2aA_2) + (8A_1A_2a^3 - a^2)(b+2aA_2)^2 + (8A_2^2 - 6A_1)a^2(b+2aA_2)^3 - 4a(3A_2 + 4A_1^2a)(b+2aA_2)^4 + 8(1+2A_1A_2a)(b+2aA_2)^5 - 16A_1(b+2aA_2)^6}{4\sqrt{-(b+2aA_2)}[(b+2aA_2)^3 - a^2][4(b+2aA_2)^3 - a^2]}.$$

(1) $\begin{matrix} 4 & a \neq 0, b+2aA_2 < 0 & , & (1) & c = c_h & E_2 & \text{Hopf} & , & l_{21} < 0 & , \\ & E_2 & & \text{Hopf} & ; & l_{21} > 0 & , & (1) & E_2 & \text{Hopf} \end{matrix}$

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Hopf , Hopf .
Shilnikov .

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